2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Lohkamp - Cross 1130

THE COURT: Resolution, ladies and gentlemen, is the questioning on that issue will be put off pending further consideration of the matter by the Court, so we'll proceed to another topic. BY MS. STOLL-DeBELL: (resuming) Okay, Mr. Lohkamp, I'm going to ask you some questions about the punchout product now. Okay. Do customers need to purchase RSS to be able to use punchout? Yes, they do. How many of Lawson's customers actually -- that have RSS actually purchased punchout? We have approximately a hundred punchout customers. Α And how many RSS customers do you have? Q We have about 300 to 400. So what percentage is that? Q Α Approximately 25 percent. What benefits does the punchout product offer that RSS does not? The punchout product allows our customers to bring more categories ^ expanded under management by allowing them to punch out to a vendor-managed website and search their list of items and prices that the vendor set up for them encouraging people to buy off that catalog and hopefully save money.

Q How is that different than RSS?

A It's different than RSS in that customers wouldn't have to maintain their another -- wouldn't have to load those items in their item master.

- Q Does Lawson control the content or functionality of a punchout vendor's website?
- A No, we do not.

- Q If Lawson doesn't control the punchout vendor's website, why does Lawson have contracts with the punchout vendor?
- A We have contracts with the punchout vendor so we can accomplish that testing to insure that handshake of the messaging so that when our customers use punchout, they are able to log in, and then when they're done using the vendor's website, able to get the data back from the shopping cart of the things they want to order.
  - Q Okay. Can you explain what that handshake is for us, please?
  - A Well, it's we -- we kind of refer to it as a cXML message, but it's an electronic formatted document that is sent to the vendor's website with certain information. First transaction sends their login credentials and basically helps authenticate the user, and then at the end, when the user is done using the vendor website and decided to purchase something, then the vendor website creates a message that we're waiting to receive an electronic message that has the details of the cart, and

then we bring that into RSS. 2 Okay. So to make sure I understood this, a cXML message 3 is sent from Lawson's punchout software to the vendor's 4 website? 5 Yes. 6 And that contains this handshake you've been talking 7 about? 8 Yes. Contains the login credentials. 9 And what are the login credentials? 10 It's a user name and password, an agreed-upon way for 11 the -- for our customers to access the vendor's website. 12 Does Lawson select the user name or password that's sent 13 in this cXML message? 14 No, we do not. Α 15 Who does that? Q The customer in combination with the vendor. 16 17 So is all that you're doing is requiring that that login 18 credential be sent in a certain format? 19 MR. ROBERTSON: Objection, Your Honor, to the form of 20 the question; leading. 21 THE COURT: Sustained. Let him testify. What does Lawson require with regard to the login 22 23 credentials? It may vary from vendor site to vendor site, but it 24

usually includes a URL which is the website address for the

where the vendor website is, and then it's usually an 1 2 identifier to identify the customer to the vendor, and then 3 usually a sort of what's called a shared secret which is 4 essentially the password, and then any other user identifier to 5 help identify who is logging in. 6 And does Lawson control the URL that's part of that? Q 7 Α No, we do not. 8 Do you care what that URL is? 9 Α No, we don't. 10 So does Lawson control the identifier? Q 11 Α No. 12 Do you care what it is? Q 13 Α No. 14 Does Lawson control the shared secret? Q 15 No, we do not. Α 16 Do you care what it is? Q 17 Α No. 18 So that takes care of the handshake then? 19 The vendor website responds back with another XML message 20 saying that, yes, they've logged in, so it confirms that we've 21 logged in. What happens on the Lawson side of the system? 22 23 On the Lawson side of the system, we're -- our software is 24 waiting to hear back from the vendor website when the user is

done using that vendor website.

1 Q Then I think you talked about receiving details of the 2 cart back from the vendor website?

A Yes.

3

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

- 4 Q Can you explain to us what that's all about?
  - A When the customer has decided what they wanted to purchase and they go through a checkout process, instead of the order being placed on the website, the vendor website then creates an XML message. It's an electronic document that gives us all the details of what was in the shopping cart, and we're waiting to receive that information so we can pass that back into requisition self-service.
    - Q Where does it go once it's received by requisition self-service?
    - A Once it's received by requisition self-service, it gets put into the shopping ^ cart in requisition self-service requisition lines.
  - Q Does Lawson control the content of that XML message that the vendor's website sends back?
- 19 A No.
- Q I think you said that Lawson's system waits around after the customer has accessed and gained access to the vendor's website?
- 23 A Yes. It's waiting for a message back.
- Q While it's waiting for a message back, does it have any control over what the customer is actually doing at the vendor

1 website?

2

20

21

22

23

do it.

- A No, it does not.
- 3 Q So does it control any searching functionality that
- 4 happens at the vendor website?
- 5 A No, it does not.
- Q Does it control how the items are displayed at the vendor website?
- 8 A No, it does not.
- 9 Q Does it control any kind of inventory checking that may
- 10 happen at the vendor website?
- 11 A No, it does not.
- 12 Q Does it dictate what kind of searching functionality
- happens at the vendor's website?
- 14 A No, it does not.
- 15 THE COURT: I think that's sufficient to have asked
  16 the question, which you did at the beginning, that Lawson, in
  17 his view, doesn't control the function or content of the
  18 punchout vendor's website or the communication in establishing
  19 it, and you don't need to go through every component of it to
  - Once you have the whole, established the principle of the whole, then you don't need to go in and add up each word in the sentence. So let's go on to something else.
- MR. STOLL-DeBELL: Okay, Your Honor.
- 25 Q I want to talk to you about the contract that you have

between Lawson and the punchout vendors, and I'm going to ask
you to pull up PX-190 which is an exhibit you looked at earlier
today.

- MS. STOLL-DeBELL: And, Bill, if you can maybe highlight first the top half of that.
- 6 A Okay.

4

5

18

- 7 Q What is this document, Mr. Lohkamp?
- 8 A This is a procurement punchout partner agreement with 9 Global Healthcare Exchange.
- 10 Q Is this similar to the form contract that Lawson enters 11 into with some of its punchout vendors?
- 12 A Yes, it is.
- Q Is it identical to the form contract that Lawson enters into with some of its punchout vendors?
- 15 A It is nearly identical. I think the difference is maybe
  16 in the particular term or the partner fee.
- 17 Q Is that something that sometimes changes?
  - A It can change if it's negotiated with that specific partner.
- 20 Q What kind of changes have you seen with that fee?
- 21 A In some cases, we've reduced it to a lower amount. Some cases, we've waived it.
- Q Let's go to the second page of this document, please, and if you can blow up paragraph 3.3 for me. Can you see that, Mr.
- 25 Lohkamp?

A Yes, I can.

Q The first sentence says, each party shall contract for its own products and services directly with customers. Did I read that correctly?

A Yes, you did.

Q What does that mean?

A That means that each party, so Lawson and a punchout partner, they contract directly with the customer. So our customer would buy our software from us, and then the punchout partner would establish whatever business relationship they might have with our customer to purchase goods or services.

Q Okay. So is that consistent with what you were saying earlier, that Lawson does not control any of the functionality or content of a punchout vendor's website.

MR. ROBERTSON: Objection; leading.

THE COURT: Sustained.

Q Let's look at the, I think it's the second sentence in this paragraph. Starts out, unless otherwise agreed in writing, each party shall bear no obligation to the customer whatsoever with respect to products or services of the other party. Do you see that?

- A Yes, I see that.
- 0 What does that mean?
- A That means that unless we spelled out something that we were going to do together in an agreement, we don't have --

punchout no longer work?

```
there's nothing else we've agreed to. There's no obligation.
 1
 2
          Are you aware of any other agreements that Lawson has
 3
     entered into with any other punchout vendors that would relate
 4
     to this paragraph?
 5
          All of our punchout agreements, to my knowledge, would
     have this paragraph.
 6
 7
          Okay. And so are there any other agreements with punchout
 8
     vendors other than this form agreement that we're looking at
     here?
 9
10
          The only other one I'm aware of is we had a referral
11
     agreement with SciQuest at one point.
12
         Let's look at paragraph four.
13
               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: You can blow that up, Bill,
     please.
14
15
          The first sentence there says, partner agrees that it
16
     will, at least ten days prior to any change in its website or
17
     interface that would affect a Lawson product, provide Lawson
18
     with notice of such changes, written notice of such changes.
19
     What does that mean?
          That means that if the vendor may change their website in
20
21
     such a way that punchout no longer would work, then they need
     to notify us so that we could see if we can make, you know,
22
     make any changes to address that.
23
24
          What kind of change would they make that would make
```

A I can't think of an example of it. It's just in there
just in case they make a change.

Q Let's use Dell, for example. If one of Lawson's customers punches out to Dell's website and then buys products from Dell's website, does Lawson make any money for any of the products that the customer would purchase from Dell's punchout site?

MR. ROBERTSON: Objection; relevancy.

THE COURT: Well, I think it probably is not relevant, but she's following up on an irrelevant question asked by somebody else in the courtroom, and I think that given the circumstances, it's all right for her to establish how irrelevant it was.

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Thank you, Your Honor.

- Q So do you understand the question?
- 16 A Yes.

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

17

18

19

20

21

- Q Okay.
- A No, Lawson does not make any money off that purchase.
- Q How does Lawson make money off of punchout?
  - A We make money off of punchout from the license fee for the punchout software and the ongoing maintenance and then any services that we provide to help implement the software.
- Q Why does Lawson call these punchout vendors punchout trading partners?
- 25 A We call them trading partners because that's an industry

1 term that's used to describe a third party that you're doing

2 business with. So when we use the word trading partners, our

3 customer is going to recognize that as a third party they might

- 4 be doing business with.
- 5 Q When a Lawson customer punches out to a punchout vendor's
- 6 website, whose software is actually doing the searching at that
- 7 | vendor website?
- 8 A The vendor's website is doing the searching.
- 9 Q Does Lawson's RSS software have a search engine?
- 10 A Yes, it does.
- 11 Q Does that search engine ever do any searching on a
- 12 punchout vendor's website?
- 13 A No, it does not.
- 14 Q For punchout to work, does a punchout vendor need to be a
- 15 supported punchout trading partner?
- 16 A No, it does not.
- 17 | Q I think you testified that some of the punchout vendors
- 19 A That is correct.
- 20 Q How many of the punchout vendors have contracts with
- 21 Lawson?
- 22 A It's about four or five.
- 23 Q Can you give me some examples of punchout vendors that do
- 24 not have contracts with Lawson?
- 25 A Yes. Dell, Office Depot, McKesson, Hewlett-Packard, IBM,

Staples, Fisher, ^ steal case, ABC schools. There's a number, 1 at least probably more ablations, school /PERBL /TEU. Majority 2 3 don't have contracts with us. 4 ePlus's counsel asked you about a number of industry 5 analyst reports. 6 Α Yes. 7 Gartner was one of them, AMR, Forrester. What were the 8 others? Aberdeen and VDC. 9 Α 10 When did you get a subscription to Gartner? 11 I got a subscription to Gartner when my AMR subscription 12 converted over to Gartner. 13 When was that? Q 14 That converted over last year. 15 THE COURT: Was that because Gartner bought AMR? 16 THE WITNESS: Gartner purchased AMR. 17 THE COURT: How long did you have the AMR one? 18 THE WITNESS: I had that ARM for about a year and a 19 half. THE COURT: And then it just changed over to Gartner 20 21 ^ to. 22 THE WITNESS: It just changed over to Gartner. Okay. So you got the subscription to AMR in around 2008? 23 Q 24 I believe so, yes.

Did you have a subscription to any of those analyst

```
reports prior to 2008?
 1
          I didn't have a subscription. I would have been able to
 2
 3
     request reports through our analyst relations.
 4
          Can you explain to me --
 5
               THE COURT: Excuse me. In the question, it said
     "you." I guess the "you," she was talking about you yourself.
 6
 7
     Is that what you've been answering to, what subscriptions you
 8
     had?
 9
               THE WITNESS: Yes, I've been answering personally, I
10
     had.
11
               THE COURT: The analyst that you were talking about
     from whom you can get these, they have other subscriptions; is
12
13
     that who you are talking about, somebody else in the company
     that has other subscriptions?
14
15
               THE WITNESS: Yes. Our company may have
16
     subscriptions to particular analyst reports or access to those
17
     websites.
18
               THE COURT: So those other ones that you don't have a
19
     subscription to, do you get those through the company analyst?
20
     Is that what you said?
21
               THE WITNESS: If I request it, I can get it through
     our analyst relations and if our company has a subscription to
22
23
     that particular service from the analyst.
          So if the company has a subscription to a particular
24
```

service, let's say, Gartner, for example, does that mean that

Lawson gets all of the reports published by Gartner 1 2 automatically? 3 No, it doesn't mean it gets all the reports. Typically 4 when you are subscribing to a service, you are subscribing to 5 particular categories of their research. 6 And if you subscribe to a category of research, do you 7 automatically get everything that's published within that 8 category of research? 9 You would get notice that maybe a new report had been 10 published, and then you'd have to go pull that down. 11 So if you don't request to pull a particular report down, then you wouldn't get that particular report? 12 That's correct. 13 Α 14 Do you have to pay extra money to pull down a particular 15 report? If it's part of our subscription service, we can get that 16 report at no extra charge. If it's a report that we request 17 18 that's not part of our overall service, we usually have to pay 19 for that. Are you aware -- well, does Lawson keep copies of reports 20 21 that it's requested from these different industry analysts? MR. ROBERTSON: I object, Your Honor. There's no 22

foundation for this. I mean, I don't know how this witness can possibly know what all the other 3,900 employees of Lawson is doing.

1 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, I just want to know 2 if --3 THE COURT: You didn't ask him the foundational 4 question. The objection is to foundation. He may not have any 5 idea. Maybe the question is relevant, but he does have to have some basis for his knowledge. Otherwise, it's sheer 6 7 speculation. Objection sustained. 8 Do you keep copies of the industry reports that you 9 request? 10 Yes, I do. Α 11 Do you have copies of any industry reports that mention 12 ePlus? 13 Yes. I have the Forrester eProcurement wave. 14 Other than that, do you have any other ones? Q 15 No, I do not. Α 16 Do you know if the company keeps copies of reports that 17 are requested by its employees? 18 MR. ROBERTSON: Again, Your Honor, I object to the 19 question. It's ambiguous, and there's no foundation ^ as. Witness knows if the companies keeps report. 20 21 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: I asked him if he knew the answer. THE COURT: I understand, but the objection is not to 22 that part of it. The question is, the objection is to what the 23 24 company is. 25 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Oh, Lawson. I'm sorry.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

THE COURT: Not the identity of it but what do you mean by company? Do you mean every person in the company, or does the company maintain an official catalog -- I mean list of all the -- or a copy of all the reports in sort of a library or something like that. I think that's the objection. MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Okay. Do you know, does Lawson have a practice of keeping copies of industry reports that are requested? THE COURT: Do you know that? That's the question. Do you know whether they have a practice of keeping reports that have been requested by people such as yourself? THE WITNESS: Yeah. I don't know the exact practice 13 that we --THE COURT: Okay, you don't know. The answer is he doesn't know. Okay. I want to go back and ask a few more questions about the Cleveland Clinic situation that we discussed earlier this morning. At the time that ePlus was submitting a bid for Cleveland Clinic business, did Cleveland Clinic already own some Lawson products? MR. ROBERTSON: Again, Your Honor, object. There's been no foundation laid for this. He spoke to one other individual who told him the circumstances of the Cleveland

Clinic situation. That's the only basis of his knowledge, so

this answer would be hearsay.

THE COURT: Objection is to the form of the question. 1 There's no foundation for it. Sustained. 2 3 MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, I was asking what 4 products Cleveland Clinic had of Lawson, whether they had 5 Lawson products. 6 THE COURT: You haven't established that he knew 7 whether Cleveland Clinic had any products yet. You have to establish that foundation. The answer to that has to be yes, 8 9 and then you can see what products. 10 Mr. Lohkamp, did Cleveland Clinic -- do you know whether 11 Cleveland Clinic had any Lawson products? 12 Yes. 13 You do know? Q 14 Α Yes. 15 What products did they have? Q 16 THE COURT: The next question is how do you know. 17 How do you know? 18 I know because they were a customer of ours at the time 19 the bid came through. What products did they have? 20 21 MR. ROBERTSON: I'm sorry, Your Honor, but ^ the foundation for how he knows they were a customer. 22 23 THE COURT: No, that's not the proper objection. This is, I quess, evidence 101, but how did you find out what 24 25 products they had? Did you learn that from somebody else?

```
1
               THE WITNESS: Yes --
 2
               THE COURT: Or do you have personal knowledge because
 3
     you sold them something, for example? Did you sell them any
 4
     products?
 5
               THE WITNESS: I did not.
 6
               THE COURT: Did you supervise in your line of
 7
     business any work that caused you to learn what products
 8
     Cleveland Clinic had at the time they are talking about?
 9
               THE WITNESS: I learned from the account executive.
10
               THE COURT: Some account executive told you what the
11
     products were; is that right?
12
               THE WITNESS: Yes.
               THE COURT: Sustained. That's why the Rules of
13
     Evidence are as they are.
14
15
               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: If I can have a minute to check my
16
     notes, Your Honor.
17
               THE COURT: All right.
18
               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: I think that's it. Thank you.
19
     Thank you.
20
               THE COURT: Any redirect? Unfortunately, Mr.
21
     Lohkamp, you may not be freed yet.
22
               MR. ROBERTSON: Yes, Your Honor. I'll be brief.
23
               THE COURT: Promises, promises.
24
```

## 1 REDIRECT EXAMINATION 2 BY MR. ROBERTSON: Could you go to that vendor agreement, please, Plaintiff's 3 4 Exhibit Number 113. 5 THE COURT: Number what? 6 MR. ROBERTSON: 113. I'm sorry, Your Honor, it was 7 190. 8 Α Okay. 9 Are you with me yet, sir? 10 Yes, I am. Α 11 You referred to various paragraphs in this agreement; is 12 that right? 13 I was asked about various paragraphs. 14 I noticed one thing you weren't directed to is at the 15 bottom of page one under article two called intent of the 16 agreement; do you see that? 17 Yes. 18 The intention of the parties to an agreement is a pretty 19 important thing; wouldn't you agree? 20 Α Yes. 21 Okay. Let's see what you said here about what the intent 22 of this punchout partner agreement was. It's got two intentions, doesn't it, identified there, small i and small ii? 23 Yes, it does. 24 25 So it says, the intent of this agreement is to provide the

```
opportunity for the parties to -- now we're talking about the
 1
 2
     parties there are Lawson and its punchout trading partner;
 3
     right? That's your understanding?
 4
          Yes.
     Α
 5
          For the parties to facilitate the use of their respective
 6
     products by entering into a relationship that will
 7
     facilitate -- now, this is the first intent of the parties;
 8
     right? The development of the appropriate interfaces or
     punchout between Lawson products and the partner's website; do
 9
10
     you see that?
11
          Yes, I do.
12
          So the parties were going to jointly develop the
13
     interfaces, the appropriate interfaces in order to do this
     punchout between Lawson products and the partner website;
14
     right? That's number one intention; correct?
15
16
          Yes.
17
          Okay. Number two is the performance of joint marketing
18
     activities; right? You use the word "joint" there; correct?
19
     Α
          Correct.
          Now, paragraph three about this licensing ^ in sport all
20
21
     it says here, each party shall contract for its own products
     and services directly with the customers; do you see that?
22
23
          (No response.)
     Α
          Your reference to that?
24
25
     Α
          Yes.
```

1150

But the intent of this agreement then is not the 1 Q 2 relationship that Lawson might have with its customer or the 3 punchout trading partner might have with its customer, the intent of this agreement is how you formulate your joint 4 5 marketing activities for your mutual benefit; isn't that right? It is for the joint agreement with them. 6 Α 7 To your mutual benefit, sir; right? 8 Α Yes. 9 Lawson does specify the format for how the item data needs 10 to come back from the punchout catalog to the RSS shopping cart; isn't that right? 11 12 We specify the format, the standard. 13 So the answer to my question is yes; right? 14 Α Yes. 15 And if the customer using the Lawson software wants to get 16 to a punchout trading partner website, whether they be under 17 agreement or not under agreement, it needs the Lawson punchout 18 application; isn't that right? 19 To use punchout to that vendor website. 20 They can't get there without the procurement punchout 21 application; right? 22 Α Yeah. Using our software, yeah. That's how they do it? 23 0 24 Α Yes.

You were asked questions about how many punchout products

```
you've sold. I think you said around a hundred, and you've got
 1
     about 3- or 400 RSS, or requisition self-services applications
 2
 3
     ^ ; right? Now, if together the jury concludes that those
 4
     applications permit Lawson's customers to infringe the patents,
     it's not an excuse for Lawson to say that we infringe just a
 5
     little bit, is it?
 6
 7
               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Objection, Your Honor. It calls
 8
     for a legal conclusion, and it's not relevant for this witness,
 9
     and it's prejudicial.
10
               THE COURT: Because it's not relevant, it's
11
     prejudicial.
12
               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Sure.
13
               THE COURT: Sustained. It's a legal matter.
          You specified that a lot of your trading partners don't
14
     Q
15
     use the vendor agreement that we've been referring to here as
16
     Plaintiff's Exhibit Number 190; is that right?
17
          That's correct.
18
          But the technology for punchout doesn't change for
19
     Lawson's punchout trading partners whether they use the
20
     agreement or don't use the agreement; isn't that right?
21
     Technology is the same?
          That's correct.
22
23
          You indicated that you were not aware of ePlus patents
     prior to filing this lawsuit; is that right?
24
25
     Α
          Yes.
```

```
1
     Q
          There's no question you've been aware of ePlus patents
 2
     since May of 2009 when the lawsuit was filed; right?
 3
     Α
          Right.
          Everyone at Lawson has been aware of the ePlus patent
 4
     Q
 5
     since May of 2009; isn't that right?
          I believe so.
 6
     Α
 7
               MR. ROBERTSON: Thank you. No further questions.
 8
               THE COURT: All right. Mr. Lohkamp, it's obvious
 9
     you're going to be called back as a witness in the case, and
10
     you can be temporarily excused and go about your business until
     you are called back, and you agree to come back then?
11
12
               THE WITNESS: Yes.
13
               THE COURT: Or you can remain here and wait. Which
     would you rather do, go about your business upon agreement to
14
15
     come back?
16
               THE WITNESS: Yes. Come back.
17
               THE COURT: Is that satisfactory, counsel?
18
               MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Yes, Your Honor.
               THE COURT: Mr. Lohkamp, you can't discuss your
19
20
     testimony with anybody because you may be called back as a
21
     witness; all right?
22
               THE WITNESS: Okay.
23
               THE COURT: Thank you.
24
               THE WITNESS: Thank you.
25
               MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, the next witness we'll be
```

calling is a witness by videotape. I believe Mr. Strapp can 1 identify what it is and tell you approximately how long the 2 3 videotape deposition is. It's a customer of Lawson. 4 MR. STRAPP: Your Honor, our next witness, we're 5 going to play the videotaped deposition of Kristy Oliver. 6 Kristy Oliver is an employee of Blount Memorial Hospital. 7 Blount Memorial Hospital is a customer of Lawson and a customer 8 for the accused Lawson S3 system. 9 The deposition videotape is a little bit under an 10 hour, and we can provide Your Honor with a booklet of the exhibits that will be referenced during the deposition. We've 11 marked the transcript, excerpted portions also as an exhibit, 12 13 and we will provide that to Your Honor. 14 (Videotaped deposition of Kristy Oliver played for 15 16 the jury.) 17 18 MR. STRAPP: Your Honor, for the record, exhibits 19 referenced during the deposition transcript of Ms. Oliver were Plaintiff's Exhibits 225, 226, 228, 229, 230, 231, 234, 237, 20 21 238, and 239, and the excerpted portions of the transcript that were played on the video are marked as Plaintiff's Exhibit 518. 22 23 THE COURT: All right. They are admitted. 24 witness? 25 MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, plaintiff would call Mr.

1 Dale Christopherson. 2 THE COURT: How long is this going to take? 3 MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, I'm trying to cut it back 4 considerably. I think I'd be less than 45 minutes. 5 THE COURT: Mr. Niemeyer, how long is his examination 6 going to be? 7 MR. ROBERTSON: Less than an hour. 8 THE COURT: Let's go. There was a lot of stuff that that could have been excised from that. 9 10 MR. ROBERTSON: I tried to limit it, Your Honor, but 11 both parties get to cross-designate, so ... THE COURT: 611 is in effect in full force. 12 13 DALE CHRISTOPHERSON, 14 15 a witness, called by the plaintiff, having been first duly 16 sworn, testified as follows: 17 18 MR. ROBERTSON: May I proceed, Your Honor? 19 THE COURT: Please. 20 21 DIRECT EXAMINATION BY MR. ROBERTSON: 22 23 Will you state your full name for the record, sir? Q 24 Dale Arnold Christopherson. Α 25 Q And you are currently the director of development at

```
Lawson Software; correct?
 1
 2
          That's correct.
     Α
          Then in your role as the director of development, you have
 3
 4
     responsibilities for these software modules that we've been
 5
     talking about, Lawson requisition self-service, Lawson
     procurement punchout, Lawson purchase order, Lawson
 6
 7
     requisitions, Lawson inventory control, and Lawson EDI;
 8
     correct?
 9
          Those are some of the many that I do have under my
10
     control, yes.
          You are familiar also with the Lawson system foundation;
11
12
     is that right?
13
          Depends on how deep you want to go into it, but, yes, I am
     familiar with it at some length.
14
15
          You were asked in your deposition whether Lawson system
     foundation is a technology layer that sits below these current
16
     applications we've been talking about. Do you recall that?
17
18
          I certainly do.
19
          You said it was?
20
          Yes, it was and still is.
21
          And so isn't it true now that all customers of Lawson are
     required to license the Lawson system foundation in order to
22
     use the current version of the Lawson applications?
23
          That's correct.
24
```

And in this procurement version nine plus, any version

nine plus you have to do that; isn't that right? 1 2 In nine plus? Α 3 Any version nine and above? 4 Oh, any version nine and above, that's correct. Α 5 There are several versions of this software we've been talking about; correct? 6 7 Yes, there are. 8 And there's a separate license fee associated with Lawson 9 system foundation; is that correct? 10 That's correct. Α 11 Now, there's been a lot of discussion about these vendor 12 catalogs. A customer can import a vendor catalog into the item 13 master of the Lawson system; isn't that right? They can go basically through a three-step process, yes. 14 15 And you are aware also of this UNSPSC we've been talking 16 about? 17 I certainly am. 18 So isn't it true that you can use the UNSPSC to find items 19 from different vendors that were all cross-referenced using the 20 same product category? 21 Let me think about what you are really saying there. 22 Could you restate that? Sure. Isn't it true that a user of the Lawson system that 23 24 has this UNSPSC capability can find items from different

vendors that were all cross-referenced to the same product

Yes, sir.

```
category?
 1
 2
          That's correct, yes.
     Α
          The shopping cart in Lawson requisition self-service can
 3
 4
     be dynamically built from results of conducting searches in the
 5
     item master; isn't that right?
 6
          That is correct.
     Α
 7
          And it's also true that the shopping cart can also be
 8
     dynamically built using the results of searches in the vendor
     punchout catalogs; right?
 9
10
          That is also correct.
     Α
11
          And when the user clicks a checkout in the items in your
     shopping cart, they are moved into the requisition system, and
12
     an actual requisition is created; isn't that right?
13
14
          I would actually define that slightly different.
15
          All right. Do you recall giving a deposition in this
     case?
16
17
          I certainly do.
     Α
18
          And you were under oath?
19
     Α
          Uh-huh.
          I believe you have your deposition transcript. It should
20
21
     be in the first volume.
22
     Α
          Yep.
23
          Could you go to page 77? Excuse me. I misspoke.
                                                               177.
     Q
24
          177?
     Α
```

```
1
     Α
          Okay. I'm not there yet.
 2
          Okay, take your time.
     Q
 3
          Okay, 177.
     Α
 4
          Starting at about line 18?
     Q
 5
     Α
          Starting with question, and then on the right-hand screen?
          Let me read the question for you.
 6
     Q
 7
          Question: And then on the right-hand screen in the card,
 8
     here you have four items that have been included in your
 9
     shopping cart. What happens to that when you click checkout?
10
          Your answer: When you click checkout, then it would move
11
     that information into the requisition system and actually
12
     create a requisition.
13
          Did you give that answer to that question at that time?
          I certainly did.
14
     Α
15
                 Thank you. Once a requisition is approved, the
          Okay.
     requisition is released and then transferred to the purchase
16
     order system; correct?
17
18
          That's correct, after it's been approved.
19
          Talking just now about procurement punchout, when users
20
     have filled their shopping carts, virtually speaking, and
21
     checked out from the vendor website using the Lawson
22
     procurement punchout, the chosen items and their prices are
     returned to the Lawson server and a requisition is created
23
     using the Lawson requisition self-service application; correct?
24
25
          Can you state that again? The second half of it basically
```

```
is where I lost you. ^ you check out at the customer, not the
 1
     customer but the vendor site and then it was at that point
 2
 3
     where I got lost.
 4
          Let me start over. Let's hear the whole question.
 5
     users have filled their shopping carts, virtually speaking, and
 6
     checked out from the vendor website using Lawson procurement
 7
     punchout, the chosen items and their price are then returned to
 8
     the Lawson server, and a requisition is created using the
     Lawson requisition self-service application; correct?
 9
10
          That's correct.
     Α
11
          Isn't it true that the current version of the Lawson
12
     procurement punchout includes the capability to punch out to
     multi-vendor catalogs?
13
          That's correct.
14
     Α
15
          One of those examples of a site that you can go that is a
16
     multi-catalog vendor -- excuse me, multi-vendor catalog, is
17
     SciQuest; correct?
18
          That's correct.
19
          Another example of a multi-vendor catalog site that's
20
     available for the punchout procurement is an organization known
21
     as GHX; correct?
          That is correct.
22
23
          That stands for Global Healthcare Exchange?
     0
          That's correct.
24
     Α
```

And Global Healthcare Exchange that provides this

25

1 multi-vendor catalog capability is a punchout trading partner 2 of Lawson; correct? 3 That's correct. They are on the list, yes. It's an accurate statement to say that if Lawson could not 4 5 market a requisition module, it could not effectively compete in the supply chain management product market? 6 7 I would say that that would be an accurate statement, yes. 8 It's also accurate to say if Lawson could not offer a 9 purchase order module, Lawson could not effectively compete in 10 the supply chain management product market? 11 That would also be correct. You've heard a lot of talk about the implementation and 12 13 installation services that Lawson offers. I just want to be clear that Lawson will provide implementation services to 14 assist its customers with importing vendor catalog data into 15 16 the item master. 17 I didn't hear a question in that, sir. 18 Let me restate it then. Perhaps I misspoke. Is it true that Lawson provides implementation services to assist its 19 20 customers with importing vendor catalog data into the item 21 master? 22 If the customer so chooses and wants that service, yes, we 23 do.

So for most situations where a customer licenses the

supply chain management suite or the procurement modules we've

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

Α

Okay.

```
been talking about in supply chain management, Lawson
professional services is going to provide the actual
installation and implementation services for that system;
correct?
     That's correct, yes.
     All existing Lawson customers today are under maintenance
contracts with Lawson; correct?
     That's correct.
     So all of the supply chain -- excuse me. All of the
supply -- let me restate that. All of the S3 procurement
products that are under contract today with Lawson customers,
they have maintenance contracts; is that right?
     Could you restate that?
            I'm sorry. It was a bad question. With respect to
     Yeah.
the Lawson S3 procurement product that's at issue here, any
customer that has that product is under an existing maintenance
contract?
     That's correct.
     There's been a lot of talk about this RFP process, and I
don't want to go through it again in detail, certainly, but
there is a standard set of answers for those common questions
that customers have about the S3 procurement product; correct?
     That is correct, yes.
     I think if you'll look in your book to Exhibit 117.
```

- Q You've seen this document before?
- 2 A I don't believe I've actually seen this document except as this exhibit.
  - Q But you are aware that this is the document that is the proposal automation suite for providing answers with respect to stock questions for the S3 product; right?
  - A I couldn't confirm or deny that.
- 8 Q It's a Lawson document; is that right, sir? You have no
  9 reason to doubt it's --
  - A I have no reason to doubt it. I mean literally, I've not seen the document like this or in any form like this. I've seen a couple answers out of the database, and when I say a couple, probably two or three over the last couple years. So for me to comment on this document, I don't know how many pages it is, it's just not fair.
  - Q Fair enough. But Lawson does maintain such a document that has stock answers to requests for proposals?
  - A They do maintain a database, yes.
  - THE COURT: Does the database you are talking about have stock answers for the RFPs?

THE WITNESS: Sure. It will have -- there will be things like about the company history, you know, things that are very generic questions that almost all customers will ask in the RFP process, and there's a set of answers that will come up there along with other questions that maybe not all

Α

Sure.

```
customers ask, but they're routinely asked by a fair number.
 1
     So the sales team has asked, look, can we get what the answers
 2
 3
     should be for these so that we can just cut and paste that in
 4
     so we don't get -- if we had 20 salespeople, you don't have 28
 5
     different answers for the same thing.
 6
          This document is 297 pages long. Can you just confirm
 7
     that, and it has 398 stock questions that often get asked and
 8
     stock answers that are often provided; is that fair enough? Do
 9
     you just want to take a look at it for a minute?
10
          I see it's 297, and keep in mind they are a pretty wide
11
     product space. This is just a few, a small number of products
     that I actually have under my control.
12
13
          I understand. But if you look --
          398 -- I see the last page is 398, answers to 398
14
15
     questions.
          And just going back to the first page, this has to do --
16
     it says there's a database identified there, and then it says
17
18
     Lawson S3 data. Do you see that?
19
          Uh-huh.
     Α
          So this Exhibit 117 is specifically dealing with just the
20
21
     Lawson S3 product; right?
22
          It appears to be, yes.
23
          And, I mean, if I just randomly open up a page -- for
     example, I opened up to 106.
24
```

1164

Question 149 of 398, and this has to deal with a fairly 1 Q 2 complex question concerning EDI for supply chain management; 3 correct? 4 Α Uh-huh. 5 Not simply what the company is about and that kind of thing? 6 7 Absolutely. It would be a variety of questions. 8 Specific to the functions and features of the S3 product? 9 Α Correct. 10 All right, there was some discussion about industry 11 analyst reports; do you recall that? 12 I certainly do. And Mr. Lohkamp, I understood him to indicate that he 13 14 personally subscribes to a number of those publications; 15 correct? You heard that? 16 I certainly heard that, yes. 17 But the company also subscribes to them as a company; 18 isn't that right? 19 That's my understanding. And, I mean, in your deposition, you were asked whether or 20 21 not the company subscribes to Aberdeen, Gartner, and Forrester; 22 right? 23 That's correct. 24 And you indicated that some of those reports concerning

Lawson's newer products and possible competitor products are

```
disseminated fairly widespread throughout the company; isn't
 1
 2
     that right?
 3
          If I said widespread, I certainly wasn't meaning -- take a
 4
     4,000-person company, it's not going out to even 3,000 of those
 5
     probably.
 6
          It's available, though, over a Lawson intranet website,
 7
     isn't it?
 8
          I'm trying to recall the last time I've actually been able
 9
     to go out and look at any of the documents, and I don't recall
     any -- I mean, I actually see very few in my current role.
10
11
          Well, it's actually, according to you in your deposition,
12
     disseminated among the director level?
13
     Α
          Correct.
          The manager level?
14
     Q
15
     Α
          Yes.
          And in some instances, down to individual contributor
16
17
     level; do you recall that?
18
          Yes, I certainly do. That's going to depend on the
19
     product and what the content is.
          Isn't it a fact that before a new enhancement is released,
20
21
     for example, with respect to this S3 supply chain management
     module we've been talking about, Lawson does not engage in any
22
     kind of intellectual property clearance investigation to insure
23
     that enhanced features will not infringe the intellectual
24
25
     property rights of third parties?
```

1 Α That's correct. 2 You don't do that, do you? Q 3 Α I do not, no. 4 The company doesn't do that as a policy; correct? Q 5 Α That's correct. And since May of 2009 when this lawsuit was instituted, 6 7 Lawson has undertaken no efforts to modify or redesign its existing S3 procurement products; is that right? 8 9 Α That's correct. 10 MR. ROBERTSON: That's all the questions I have. 11 Thank you. 12 THE COURT: Why don't we take the afternoon recess. 13 It's time to take 20 minutes, ladies and gentlemen. You just take your pads with you. 14 15 16 (Jury out.) 17 18 THE COURT: Counsel, I have word from the clerk's 19 office that ePlus intends to file 30,000 pages of exhibits 20 under seal. What is that about? 21 MR. MERRITT: Sounds terribly daunting. Let me try to address this, Your Honor. Under Rule 103, we think that 22 we're required to make an offer of proof -- we'd like to do it 23 before we close -- with regard to damages testimony in exhibits 24 25 that were excluded by the Court's earlier rulings several

months ago. It has nothing to do with the matters that are currently being tried before this jury, but it's an offer of proof as to lay testimony and to associate exhibits that would have gone to the damages part of the case.

The 30,000 is driven significantly by the fact that there are -- it includes some Lawson internal information that are these huge electronic spreadsheets that if they were actually printed out would be an enormous number of pages.

We have suggested that with the Court's permission we might be able to simply file a written index and lodge a DVD physically with the clerk's office that keeps us from having to put boxes and boxes of these spreadsheets into the offer of proof.

We'll take the Court's guidance on that, do whatever the Court would like us to do. We really are disinclined to burden the Court with all that paper, but the clerk tells us that absent special permission from the Court to put it on a disk, that the default is the paper would have to be filed.

THE COURT: Their problem is they don't want the disk imported into the system. I don't see why -- how long is the index?

MR. STRAPP: Approximately five pages.

THE COURT: Why don't you file the index and then file the -- is it a DVD or CD or what?

MR. MERRITT: I believe it's a DVD, Your Honor.

2

4

8

25

THE COURT: As your proffer proofs and log that as an item, and then it will be filed, and I quess it needs to be 3 filed under seal since it has their financial information. MR. MERRITT: Yes, sir, it has financial information 5 from Lawson. It would need to be under seal. 6 THE COURT: Is this something that is different than 7 the Court has considered in making its ruling on the expert, because you can't get anything in that wasn't before me on the 9 expert's opinion. 10 MR. MERRITT: No, sir. 11 THE COURT: These things were all part of the 12 expert's report, were they? 13 MR. MERRITT: Well, there were two pieces of it, if Your Honor recalls. First of all, the expert was excluded on 14 15 the motion in limine. His report and the attachments are already a part of the record, and we can't improve upon that in 16 17 any way obviously. We can't move the ball on that or go back 18 and fill. 19 There was a second motion that the Court granted that was a Rule 37 discovery motion that precluded the use of lay 20 21 testimony or additional witnesses as an alternative means of 22 proving the damages. 23 THE COURT: That was for failure to comply with the 24 discovery.

MR. MERRITT: That was for failure to comply with the

discovery, and the only opportunity for an offer as to what that proof would have been was on September 7th when that was being argued.

In fact, Your Honor may recall that I argued that. I believe Mr. McDonald did as well, and you asked, well, what sort of proof would you put in, and on the fly, based on some notes, I was able to say, well, here are the people we think we might call and what some of the evidence might be.

What we would like to do is take the opportunity to simply make clear, in a particularized form, what those witnesses and what that evidence would be since the one opportunity previously that was available was on the fly in that hearing. So this is simply to say what the lay testimony and exhibits would be and to try to put that into the record as an offer of proof that's sufficiently particular so somebody would understand what we were talking about on September 7th.

THE COURT: Mr. McDonald, do you want a chance to review the index and/or CD or DVD and then respond?

MR. McDONALD: I haven't had a chance. I don't know our team has actually had a chance to see what's involved here. I think they made their record back in September. I don't know why at this point they would be proffering evidence that's not part of what they had even offered up in connection with the joint pretrial order. It sounds like it goes well beyond that, but I guess I don't want to weigh in. Maybe we can work

something out amongst ourselves.

THE COURT: Why don't you all take a look at it. Why don't you tender it to them, and the procedure will be, when and if it is approved for filing, that you file the index and the DVD, and the DVD will be physically kept in the court, and it will be among the sealed documents because it contains

Lawson's financial, confidential financial information, and then you can make a motion for leave to file when you file it, and then serve that on them with copies of these things, and then they can file a response and you file a response promptly so I can consider it. All right.

And then there's also an argument, a motion precluding -- in limine to preclude evidence or argument of non-infringement due to defendant's failure to provide discovery relating to customer-specific implementation and accused product modules that landed on my desk during the lunch hour. It looks like it was filed on January 11th which is, I think, today. So have you committed that to memory, and are you ready to respond to it, Mr. McDonald?

MR. McDONALD: No, I'm not, Your Honor. I think we've had a lot of evidence on implementation in the case, and there was no record -- Mr. Robertson made some comment in front of the jury. In fact, we were going to submit something to correct that there's been no findings that we violated any court orders regarding implementation discovery, so there's no

basis for this.

Lots of evidence has come in on implementation, and maybe I'm bearing a headline. We're not even disputing that we help our customers implement. That's not what this case is about, so I'm not sure why they have their motion.

THE COURT: I'm going to set a schedule right now.

Mr. Robertson, when are you planning to finish your case? I

was under the impression you were going to finish with it

today, and I think you left me with that impression. I don't

think I would have told them to have witnesses here if I hadn't

thought you'd be finished by the end of the day. What is your

plan?

MR. ROBERTSON: I'm sorry, sir, if I left you with that impression. I tried to do distinctly the opposite, and the witnesses who were here, I think, were the witnesses we called and I think they were going to call as part of their case. I significantly shortened my Christopherson direct as you --

THE COURT: Yes.

MR. ROBERTSON: -- may have noticed. So I think worst-case scenario would be by the noon hour tomorrow.

THE COURT: What do you have left?

MR. ROBERTSON: We have two more videotapes.

THE COURT: Don't you send me more videotapes like that one. That was just nonsense. We sat there and watched

that woman go through -- I timed it in one place. She went through, and it took her forever to look at an exhibit. What is this; somebody needs airtime or what? This is really silly. It's one thing to have, to blame it on fairness designations, but in part that depends upon what you designate.

And the other thing is, you all have reviewed, I think in your -- I can tell what I thought were mostly what the fairness designations were, that you can run around Robin Hood's barn and leave a trail and that somehow a jury -- that is fairness.

Fairness designations are those things which directly deal with the statements that are, in fact, in the direct testimony, and it looked to me like there was an effort to create a smokescreen to do away with some fairly -- some troublesome testimony, but that said, it was all very, very general and vague, and it's been -- to the extent it's relevant, it's been covered by all the other witnesses already anyway.

MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, I think the other two combined videotapes are approximately one hour, and then --

THE COURT: Well, they are now, but I'm sure with a little editing, they'll get less than that.

MR. ROBERTSON: We were going to play them after we complete Mr. Christopherson's testimony, and that would be it, and then we would start with Mr. Niemeyer in the morning. I

think his direct is less than an hour, and then we have Mr. Farber for, I think, about 20 minutes or so. Then we would rest our case.

THE COURT: Well, you get it finished. Let's focus on the fact that a jury has got -- did you see how difficult it was for them to follow what was going on in that deposition?

Did you see that? Did any of you sit over there and look at them?

They were trying to figure out what on earth is this all about, because it was -- it was done in deposition pace.

It wasn't done in trial pace. It was all hard to follow. You can't do that to juries. It confuses them.

THE CLERK: I have a question from the juror.

THE COURT: They want to know when the case is going to end. The questions are these: This is signed by juror number -- the last juror, number 60. They are the following questions: I'll have a copy made for you.

If Lawson has contractual and noncontractual punchout partners, what is the point of the contract if Lawson is doing the same work without the contract? Somebody is paying attention.

Next question, and this is identified for you as from Mr. Lohkamp's testimony. What is the difference between a contractual and noncontractual punchout partner?

Now that you know that, maybe you all can decide how

you want to deal with it. THE CLERK: This would be marked Court Exhibit 2, 2 3 Your Honor? 4 THE COURT: Yes. MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, I don't know if you want 5 me to address that, but maybe we can talk during the recess. 6 7 THE COURT: I think what you're going to have to do 8 is figure out do you want to answer the question, do you have 9 any objection to the questions, who is the right person to answer the question, and how are you going to put that on. 10 11 Those are the things, I think, that need to be considered. MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, during the lunch break I 12 13 was able to get Judge Spencer's Markman ruling and Judge Brinkema's actual final jury instructions, and I have those for 14 you if you'd like. 15 16 THE COURT: I'm so grateful. 17 Now, gentlemen --18 MR. ROBERTSON: I wanted to make one note, Your I misspoke when I said Judge Brinkema construed the 19 20 catalog term. She did not find it necessary to construe the catalog term. 21 THE COURT: I probably should have done the same 22 thing. You all be mindful that the claim construction opinion 23 contains the following language: There's a recitation about 24 25 what you all were disagreeing about and what your positions

were, and then it concludes with the following: The parties' disagreement over whether a catalog must be published by a vendor was resolved when they agreed at oral argument that the term vendor includes suppliers, distributors, and manufacturers.

And then it goes on to talk about what generally is included in a catalog which is not the thing you all are concerned with because it's part of construction. So it seems to me as if there's been an agreement about what would happen there. And nobody, to my knowledge, took any exception or complained about the finding in the order -- I mean in the memorandum opinion on claim construction.

MR. McDONALD: That was my recollection as well, Your Honor. I wanted to double-check the record before I represented to the Court.

THE COURT: You need to check the record. I haven't checked the record of the hearing. I'm going to also have prepared and hand to you, and I'm not quite sure how I'm going to handle it mechanically, but I think I would tell the jury something like this, either the claim construction or an instruction: Published by a vendor is used in the definition of the claim term catalog/product catalog. Published simply means to make generally known or to disclose. By a vendor simply means that at some point in time, a vendor such as a supplier or manufacturer or distributor has made generally

known or disclosed an organized collection of items or associated information, preferably but not necessarily including a part number, price, catalog numbering, catalog number, vendor name, vendor ID, a textual description of the item, and images of or relating to the item.

I'll have that prepared so you all can reflect upon it and study it, but you don't need to react to it. But you do need to check the transcript and see about what the claim construction opinion says because I'm not quite sure why we're having the discussion we're having now in view of that.

All right, we'll be in recess. You all can have 20 minutes as well.

(Recess taken.)

THE COURT: It occurs to me that one way to answer both of these questions is for you to read -- just before cross-examination occurs, for you to ask him if you want to ask him. Do you want to ask him, Mr. Robertson?

MR. ROBERTSON: Well, this would be a question, I would think, of Mr. Lohkamp who was the one who -- the context this came up, and I'd like to ask in the context of Mr. Lohkamp.

THE COURT: Well, he's gone.

MR. McDONALD: We just talked about it. We'll be

recalling him, so maybe the thing would be to --1 To wait until he comes back. 2 THE COURT: 3 MR. McDONALD: Yeah. 4 THE COURT: Okay, that's fine. 5 MR. ROBERTSON: Your Honor, before jury comes in, I want to make constructive suggestions here. We've got two of 6 7 these videotapes. One is fairly short, about 20 minutes. 8 other is fairly lengthy, over an hour. Now, there's going to 9 be some redirect of Mr. Christopherson, but I understand from 10 counsel it's not going to be that extensive. I would suggest -- I mean we discussed some options --11 THE COURT: Do the 20 minutes, and you edit the other 12 13 one tonight. MR. ROBERTSON: That's what I was going to suggest, 14 or, Your Honor, we did do a deposition summary as required by 15 16 the Court's pretrial --17 THE COURT: I use those to make rulings. I don't 18 require you to read those. If you all want to read them, fine. 19 I've never found that's actually a good way to present evidence. It does help me in ruling on the objections to the 20 21 depositions in the final pretrial process, but I've never found that it's a good way to present evidence. 22 23 MR. ROBERTSON: We're going to go back, and we're going to make serious cuts in that deposition, but I don't 24 25 want --

THE COURT: I'm going to let the jury go home as soon as they can anyway because weather-wise --

MR. ROBERTSON: After Mr. Christopherson, we'll play that 20-minute video and then we'll be done for the day. We'll start in the morning with a much shortened video, and then we'll put Mr. Niemeyer and Mr. Farber on, and we'll be resting. Just one point of order, final point of order, Your Honor --

THE COURT: The faster you talk the further away you get. You want to really challenge the court reporter.

MR. ROBERTSON: Let me get up here and slow down. I do think procedurally we need to submit that offer of proof before we rest our case based on the case law that we've looked at. I mean, I know the Court wants to look at it and review it, and I'm fine with that.

THE COURT: I said just file a motion for leave to submit it and submit it, and then it will be submitted.

MR. ROBERTSON: Okay. Thank you, sir.

THE COURT: I will defer ruling on it until later.

All you need is something to really record that you're doing

it. I don't know whether you want to file a brief or not with

it, but you at least need a little motion to do it, and if you

want to file a motion later or you want to work on it, you can

talk about that and sort it out, but it will be filed, and then

it will be available for them to look at, because if he doesn't

oppose it, then, okay.

MR. ROBERTSON: I mean, quite frankly, Your Honor, we think under the rule and the case law we looked at in the Fourth Circuit, it's pretty much an offer of proof is a matter of right once something's been excluded, but I understand --

THE COURT: I think you are right except that there was an offer of proof made at the conference, and his objection, I think is, that you can't make two offers of proof, and I don't know -- I've not had that come up that way, and I'll -- we'll deal with it in the ordinary course and get it all sorted out.

The Court of Appeals generally wants to know what it is that was kept out, and that's the only way they really know what it was. On the other hand, if you are changing the ball game on them, then they have a right to be heard, and I have a right to say, well, you can't do that because you've exceeded the privilege granted you by the rules.

MR. ROBERTSON: I understand, Your Honor.

THE COURT: That's all we're going to do. We'll just do it in due course.

MR. ROBERTSON: Thank you.

THE COURT: Due course is going to be shortened, however, and it won't be with any all-deliberate speed as some phrases have been interpreted or issued by higher courts than this one. Okay, let's let them come in.

(Jury in.)

THE COURT: All right, as to the questions that we have, it probably is preferable that Mr. Lohkamp answer those questions. Mr. Lohkamp is coming back in another part of the case, and so when he comes back, these questions will be sorted out. All right, let's go. We have redirect -- I mean cross-examination.

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, we don't have any questions for Mr. Christopherson at this time. We do intend to call him back in our case.

THE COURT: That's the quickest cross-examination that's ever happened. No redirect in that situation. You are living under the right stars this afternoon, but I would like to get you out of here at a reasonable hour because of the weather.

I don't think we're due any more bad weather, but with the forecast of three to five inches that went to two and looks like we got none, who knows what's going to happen around here, so I rather you get on home. So we have about a 20-minute deposition, and then we'll hear some more evidence in the morning.

All right, let's go with the 20-minute deposition. Who is this?

MR. STRAPP: Your Honor, this is Mr. Manuel Matias.

He's an employee of Robert Wood Johnson University, another 1 2 customer of Lawson, and this deposition, as Your Honor 3 mentioned, is approximately 20 minutes. 4 5 (Videotaped deposition of Manuel D. Matias played for the jury.) 6 7 8 THE COURT: All right, ladies and gentlemen, I think 9 this is a good time for us to break and for you to go home. 10 Drive carefully and remember my admonitions not to discuss the 11 matter with anyone. If you'll give Mr. Neal your pads and 12 notes, he'll take care of it for you. 13 We do plan, because we're uncertain about the weather, to have lunch for you tomorrow. Somebody wanted to 14 15 know if we didn't have it, were you going to bring your lunch, but that won't mean you'll be in complete confinement. You'll 16 be able to get out some. Thank you. 17 18 Can we start at nine tomorrow? And also call -- if 19 there's any inclement weather, call that number, and there will be a message on there for you about whether it's a delayed 20 21 starting time or not at all, depending upon what happens. 22 You've got that number? 23 24 (Jury out.)

25

THE COURT: Take that transcript, please, back to the 1 answer that he gave to the question, so if using just the 2 3 Lawson system and not GHX, is there any way to tell if a 4 particular item is in a vendor's inventory and listen to it. 5 don't think the transcript has it right. 6 What I want is beginning with line 19 and going 7 through line 25. I don't think the transcript caught all of 8 what was there. 9 MR. GREER: I can't jump right to that line, Your Honor, but I can get it very close. 10 11 THE COURT: That's fine. 12 13 (Portion of videotape replayed.) 14 15 The jury heard what the witness said, but THE COURT: 16 the transcript is wrong. It omits a phrase, so I would suggest you figure out a way to straighten it out. That's Exhibit 520? 17 18 MR. STRAPP: Yes, Your Honor. 19 Anything else we need to do today? THE COURT: 20 MR. ROBERTSON: Just one point I'd like to make, Your 21 Honor. We have your proposed definition for this "published by a vendor," and would I just point out that there is a 22 typographical error in it. At one point, it says where an 23 organized collection of times or associated --24 25 THE COURT: Actually I thought that was a good way to

rewrite the claim.

MR. ROBERTSON: And I would just point out, Your Honor, we would be resting tomorrow, and there will be several Lawson witnesses. This issue may come up in the context of the witnesses, as it did today with Mr. Lohkamp, so, you know, we'd like to achieve resolution. We're going to go back and look at the transcript of Markman and review --

THE COURT: Assuming -- do you have any comment on that text you just read other than the typographical?

MR. ROBERTSON: Do I have a comment on it?

THE COURT: Yes. At this time.

MR. ROBERTSON: I would say I think it would be acceptable, but I'd like to talk to my colleagues and make sure that's right, but right now I'm thinking I don't have a problem with it, Your Honor.

The only other thing I'd like to point out is we are having issues with some of the witnesses. Counsel and I and our team members have been working hard to try to resolve those and accommodate those things. Mr. Johnson, for example, had a death in the family that's going to pose some problems.

THE COURT: Who is Mr. Johnson?

MR. ROBERTSON: He was one of the inventors, sir.

THE COURT: Oh, yeah.

MR. ROBERTSON: And then Dr. Weaver -- initially Mr. McDonald had indicated he didn't want to call Dr. Weaver back.

I know we all change our minds, and I've learned we all make mistakes and we're trying to work with Dr. Weaver. His schedule is a little tight as well.

MR. McDONALD: Just to be clear, Scott, I don't think we're going to call Dr. Weaver back. I guess somebody has left the door open a little bit.

MR. ROBERTSON: We're working together on that, Your Honor. I wanted to bring to your attention we are having a few witness issues, but I don't think --

THE COURT: I'm sure Dr. Weaver will make himself available at a reasonable time.

MS. STOLL-DeBELL: Your Honor, I was wondering if we're going to have court next Monday on Martin Luther King Day. It will help us try and figure out who is coming when.

THE COURT: At the rate we're going, I was inclined to do that. It seemed to be proceeding slowly, but I haven't really thought that far ahead. What do you all have to say about it? I don't know where we're going to be. Let's assume Mr. Robertson finishes tomorrow at about the lunch break. Where will you be on -- what is it, the 17th? What's going on there?

MR. McDONALD: Well, we hope to get through some fact witnesses and get our expert, Dr. Shamos, on the stand on Friday and hopefully get him off the stand on Friday. He may bleed over until Monday, and then we'll have just a couple more

fact witnesses after that. I should use couple in the sense of two, but it shouldn't be too many more. I think we'd be close to being done about Tuesday if we went to trial on Monday.

THE COURT: If you use Monday.

MR. McDONALD: Exactly.

THE COURT: One thing I think I am going to do is -I don't know whether the jurors have had any plans made. Some
of them could have had -- nobody said anything about it in the
voir dire examination, but I think I'll solicit them.

Sometimes it's helpful to the jurors to have a break from stuff like -- from the repetition of what's going on and from the heavy duty here, and that's one way to achieve it.

I had given some thought about starting at 9:00 and taking no breaks and stopping at 2:00 as another way to give the jury some respite and some time to do things that they need to do, but the fact of the matter is, I think it's almost impossible to go that long without some kind of break. We're going to have to break for the court reporters anyway, to switch, so I think we'll kind of stay with the schedule we've been having.

If you'll remind me tomorrow, we'll kind of talk to the jurors about it and see what they'd like to do, too. Is there anything else we need to deal with? What did you say about this information that I handed out about published, Mr. McDonald? Did I hear you and forget it? If I did, I really

truly apologize, and maybe you'll get another judge to handle 2 the rest of the case. 3 MR. McDONALD: I'm not sure I picked up all that --4 THE COURT: I'm asking if you said something and I 5 forgot what it was, because I actually don't remember you saying anything. 6 7 MR. McDONALD: You didn't miss a thing. We haven't 8 formulated our position, Your Honor. I have a couple concerns, 9 though, I can flag and maybe give --10 THE COURT: That would be helpful to talk about it. 11 MR. McDONALD: Well, this language about "by a 12 vendor" means at some point in time. I think the "by a vendor" 13 for one thing was pretty much agreed to at the Markman hearing, what it did mean, and do inject the concept in time, of time 14 into a phrase like "by a vendor" could create some confusion, I 15 16 think, do more harm than good, actually. We would probably object to that, but I haven't finalized my position. 17 18 THE COURT: But I think it's quite clear from the specification that it's an antecedent event to the use of the 19 20 invention no matter how you cut it. 21 MR. McDONALD: I just think --22 THE COURT: I understand what you are saying. Think about it and see what you --23 24 MR. McDONALD: The other concern I have is anything 25 we do with that, because our experts who have given opinions

relating to claim construction, I'm concerned that if we now move the ball on what the claims mean, what is the implication of that for the testimony that's already been given, the testimony that's yet to come that the Court repeatedly says has to be limited to what's in the expert reports, there were prior decisions by the Court relating to prior art exclusions and things like that. I think there's many implications of making any changes here, so I'm concerned about that.

THE COURT: I think -- I'm not sure there are a lot -- that is not a claim construction answer. That's an instruction, and the fact of the matter is that it is not at all unusual for Courts to give revised claim constructions during the trial.

In fact, for a good while, it was common to give the claim construction only as part of the instructions. Now, I've never done that just because I didn't want to put myself through that agony, but that's what happens sometimes, and in that event, experts have to take their positions -- take out their position and see what happens. So we'll see.

MR. McDONALD: In this case, the experts were allowed to give their reports after the Court's Markman ruling, so I think that really changes the dynamic.

THE COURT: Okay. Anything else? Thank you. We'll see you all tomorrow at nine o'clock.

(Court adjourned.)